

## FARADAY ROTATION

$$B := 51692 \cdot 10^{-9} \text{ Magnetic field in nTesla} \quad [1] \quad [2]$$

$$n := .25 \cdot 10^{12} \text{ Average electron density in the E and F layer in electrons/cubic meter}$$

$$a := 90 \cdot 10^3 \text{ Lower limit of E layer in meters} \quad [2]$$

$$b := 600 \cdot 10^3 \text{ Upper limit of F layer in meters} \quad [2]$$

$$\alpha := 90 \cdot \frac{\pi}{180} \text{ wrt horizon} \quad \text{muf} := 5 \text{ in MHz}$$

From [4], n above wrt MUF:

$$\underline{n} := \left( \sin(\alpha) \cdot \frac{\text{muf}}{9 \cdot 10^{-3}} \right)^2 \cdot 10^6$$

$$n = 3.086 \times 10^{11} \text{ Electron density with an MUF of 5 MHz at } \alpha \text{ degrees}$$

$$D := 2.62 \cdot 10^{-13} \quad [3] \quad \text{RM} := D \cdot \left( \int_a^b n \cdot B \, ds \right) \quad \text{Rotational Measure in Radians per meter squared} \quad [3]$$

$$\text{RM} = 2.132$$

### EXAMPLES

$$\lambda := .7 \text{ wavelength in meters} \quad \text{Rev} := \text{RM} \frac{\lambda^2}{\frac{\pi}{2}}$$

$$\text{Rev} = 0.665 \text{ Polarity reversals}$$

$$\underline{\lambda} := 2 \text{ wavelength in meters} \quad \underline{\text{Rev}} := \text{RM} \frac{\lambda^2}{\frac{\pi}{2}}$$

$$\text{Rev} = 5.429 \text{ Polarity reversals}$$

$$\underline{\lambda} := 6 \text{ wavelength in meters} \quad \underline{\text{Rev}} := \text{RM} \frac{\lambda^2}{\frac{\pi}{2}}$$

$$\text{Rev} = 48.858 \text{ Polarity reversals}$$

1. <http://ngdc.noaa.gov/geomag/magfield.shtml>
2. <http://genesis2.jpl.nasa.gov/archive/200212016/>
3. [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Faraday\\_effect](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Faraday_effect)
4. <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ionosphere>